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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/528,479	03/17/2000	Rodney M. Goodman	06618/120002/CIT2580-DI	5202
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	CHARDSON, PC		HOYE, MICHAEL W	
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			2614	

DATE MAILED: 06/17/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/528,479	GOODMAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael W. Hoye	2614				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versilities to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 M	lay 2005.					
· —	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
•—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 3 and 4 is/are pending in the applicat 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) 4 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 3 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 September 2004 and</u>		cepted or b)⊠ objected to by the				
Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) he held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CER 1 85(a)				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority 	s have been received. Is have been received in Applicat	ion No				
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					
S. Patent and Trademark Office	-,					

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicants' arguments regarding canceled claim 1, which is now part of amended claim 3, and other remarks related to amended claim 3, originally filed on April 28, 2005 and entered on May 27, 2005 with the Request for Continued Examination, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding canceled claim 1, now incorporated into amended independent claim 3, the Applicants argue on page 4 that, "it is agreed that Echeita, et al. teaches an error resolution procedure, however that error resolution procedure is not precisely the same as claimed since it is not carried out in a clearinghouse as claimed."

In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicants because the Echeita et al reference does teach an error resolution procedure that is carried out in a clearinghouse as met by the advertisement reconciliation system computer 38 (Fig. 1, see col. 10, lines 49-53) and the billing accounts system 40, where the system computer 38 (or clearinghouse) determines if the commercial actually aired at the specified time by automatically detecting the contract number and contract line number as well as the time spot aired information from the broadcast data stream, and the accounting procedures allow the program provider and advertiser to make an immediate judgment on whether the commercial aired at the specified time and to point out discrepancies if an error occurs (col. 8, lines 8-21 & 31-65; and col. 10, lines 49-58). Moreover, the claimed error resolution procedure is met as described in part in col. 8, lines 50-65, col. 10, lines 41-58, and more explicitly in conjunction with col. 3, lines 5-14 and col. 4, lines 42-48,

Art Unit: 2614

where the various attributes and/or parameters of actual advertisements as broadcast are gathered, and the attributes/parameters are compared with contractually agreed upon attributes/parameters, which is known as advertisement reconciliation. The "assembled reconciliation data may be sent to a computer for additional processing such as comparing the assembled reconciliation data with the various contractually agreed-upon parameters and identifying any discrepancies between the two. The computer may route the reconciliation data and/or processed reconciliation data...to a billing and accounting system that would use the reconciliation data to finalize the sale and initiate billing." When a discrepancy occurs, such as a commercial airing at the wrong time, problems may be researched to find the cause of the problem, the advertiser may be billed less or not billed (depending on the contract), and/or the commercial may be aired at another time as a "make good" for a commercial previously missed (also depending on the contractually agreed on attributes/parameters).

Regarding independent claim 3, the Applicants further argue on pages 4-6 that, "Claim 3 specifies that the security comprises information on the advertising segment "correlated with content of the advertising segment"... Echeita does not correlate with the content."

The Applicants conclude that, "Nothing in the prior art teaches or suggests that the security information is correlated with the content of the advertising segment."

In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicants because the Echeita et al reference discloses in col. 5, lines 43-53, that:

"The received programming and advertisements, along with data signals such as the advertisement reconciliation data, electronic program guide data, and security access data, are sent to the video/audio data encoding system 26 where they are digitally encoded into a packetized data stream using a number of algorithms, including convolutional error correction and compression. In a conventional manner, the reconciliation data is coordinated with a particular commercial spot

and encoded into data packets that accompany the data packets that form the actual advertisement."

Page 4

The Applicants' claim language which states, "wherein said security comprises information on the advertising segment correlated with content of the advertising segment" uses broad language for the claimed, "content of the advertising segment". As previously described in the last Office Action, Echeita discloses digitally encoding data packets that accompany the data packets that form the actual advertisement (see col. 5, lines 43-67), where the data packets include numbers or identifiers that identify the actual advertisement (col. 5, lines 4-14).

Furthermore, the Echeita et al reference discloses, as described above in col. 5, lines 43-53, that the reconciliation data, security access data, etc., are coordinated with a particular commercial spot and encoded into data packets that accompany the data packets that form the actual advertisement.

Drawings

2. The marked-up replacement drawing sheet for Fig. 2 was received on 9/7/04. The corrections indicated on this drawing are acceptable. The Applicants are requested to submit formal drawings for this Figure and for all the remaining Figures originally filed on 3/17/00.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

Application/Control Number: 09/528,479

Art Unit: 2614

having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Echeita et al (USPN 5,826,165), cited by the Examiner.

As to claim 3, note the Echeita et al reference which discloses an advertisement reconciliation system, that includes a method of scheduling and paying for advertising. The claimed "booking an advertising segment with an advertising agency" is met by a contract (col. 3. lines 40-41) or contractually agreed upon attributes/parameters (col. 4, lines 42-47; also see Ad Agency 38 in Fig. 1). The Echeita reference discloses the claimed booking for said advertising segment comprising determining time (col. 3, lines 30-36), network (col. 1, lines 15-17 and col. 7, line 48), and pricing (col. 1, lines 19-20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the claimed booking further include commission parameters for said advertising segment since Echeita discloses that the contract agreed upon may include various attributes/parameters (col. 4, lines 42-47) and it is well known in the art of scheduling advertisements to include various commission incentives according to the accuracy of the broadcaster airing the commercial at the correct time, during a promotional period, or various other related parameters for the advantage of increasing sales and revenue for the broadcasters and ad agencies. The claimed "establishing an account with a clearinghouse" is met by the advertisement reconciliation system computers 38 (Fig. 1) and the billing accounts system 40, where the system computers 38 determine if the commercial actually aired at the specified time by automatically detecting the contract number and contract line number as well as the time spot aired information from the broadcast data stream, the accounting procedures allow the program provider and advertiser to make an immediate judgment on whether the commercial aired at the

Art Unit: 2614

specified time and to point out discrepancies if an error occurs (col. 8, lines 8-21 & 31-65; and col. 10, lines 49-59). Moreover, the claimed error resolution procedure is described in part in col. 8, lines 50-65, col. 10, lines 41-58, and more explicitly in conjunction with col. 3, lines 5-14 and col. 4, lines 42-48, where the various attributes and/or parameters of actual advertisements as broadcast are gathered, and the attributes/parameters are compared with contractually agreed upon attributes/parameters, which is known as advertisement reconciliation. The "assembled reconciliation data may be sent to a computer for additional processing such as comparing the assembled reconciliation data with the various contractually agreed-upon parameters and identifying any discrepancies between the two. The computer may route the reconciliation data and/or processed reconciliation data...to a billing and accounting system that would use the reconciliation data to finalize the sale and initiate billing." When a discrepancy occurs, such as a commercial airing at the wrong time, problems may be researched to find the cause of the problem, the advertiser may be billed less or not billed (depending on the contract), and/or the commercial may be aired at another time as a "make good" for a commercial previously missed (also depending on the contractually agreed on attributes/parameters). In addition to, the advertisements and other data signals encoded and transmitted along with security access data (col. 5, lines 43-67) and the security of the data transmitted is decrypted and processed by access control circuits (col. 6, lines 30-64). The claimed wherein said security comprises information on the advertising segment correlated with content of the advertising segment is met by digitally encoding data packets that accompany the data packets that form the actual advertisement (see col. 5, lines 43-67), where the data packets include numbers or identifiers that identify the actual advertisement (col. 5, lines 4-14). Furthermore, the Echeita et al reference discloses in col. 5,

Application/Control Number: 09/528,479

Art Unit: 2614

lines 43-53, that the <u>reconciliation data</u>, <u>security access data</u>, <u>etc.</u>, <u>are coordinated with a particular commercial spot</u> and encoded into data packets that accompany the data packets that form the actual advertisement.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claim 4 is allowed.

As to claim 4, the prior art alone or in combination does not disclose or suggest that the security comprises information on the advertising segment correlated with content of the advertising segment, that comprises information indicative of an average brightness of at least part of the advertising segment.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- Hite et al (USPN 5,774,170) Discloses a system and method for delivering targeted advertisements to consumers, and further includes the use of context codes used with advertisements.
- Hite et al (USPN 6,002,393) Discloses a system and method for delivering targeted advertisements to consumers, and further includes the use of context codes used with advertisements.
- Lert, Jr. et al (4,230,990) Discloses a broadcast program identification method and system.

Application/Control Number: 09/528,479

Page 8

Art Unit: 2614

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael W. Hoye whose telephone number is (571) 272-7346.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 8:30 AM to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Miller, can be reached at (571) 272-7353.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to customer service whose telephone number is (571) 272-2600.

Michael W. Hoye June 10, 2005

NOHN MILLER

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600